

Or



060192000

Phone (218)-846-7314; Fax (218)-846-7266

PARCEL	
APP	SEPTIC
YEAR	
SCANNED	
LAKE	

1. PROPERTY DATA (as it appears on the tax statement, purchase agreement or deed)

Parcel Number(s) of property where the system will be installed: 060192000

Is this a split of an existing property? Yes No

(If yes and a parcel number has not yet been assigned, indicate the main parcel number from which the new parcel was split.)

Section 15 Township 138 Range 43 Township Name Cormorant

Lake Name Nelson Lake Classification RD

Legal Description: PT Govt Lot 2

Project Address: 14493 Nelson Lake RD Lake Park

2. PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION (as it appears on the tax statement, purchase agreement or deed)

Owner's First Name MARK Owner's Last Name Boushee

Mailing Address P.O. 106 City, State, Zip Lake Park, mn 56584

Phone Number 218-779-7359

3. DESIGNER/INSTALLER INFORMATION

Designer Name Randy Anderson Company Name Anderson on-site License # 634

Address P.O. 1421 Detroit Lakes Phone Number 849 3072

Installer Name TODD BOIT Company Name _____ License # _____

Address _____ Phone Number _____

4. SYSTEM DESIGN INFORMATION

System Status

What will new system serve? Check one

- Vacant Lot-No existing system-new structure
- Replacement - structure removed and being rebuilt
- Failing -Replacement- cesspool/seepage pit or other
- Enlargement of system-Undersized
- Repairs Needed to existing
- Additional system on property

- Dwelling
- Resort/Commercial
- Commercial (Non-resort)
- Other - explain below

8-15-12 Date of site evaluation

Design Flow 450 Gallons Per Day

Number of Bedrooms 3

Garbage Disposal Yes No

Dishwasher Yes No

Lift station in House Yes No

Grinder pump in House Yes No

Well Depth to be drilled

Depth of other wells within

100 ft of system deep

Original Soil Compacted Soil _____

Type of Soil Observation

Pit Probe Boring

Depth to Restricting Layer 20"

Maximum Depth of System mound

Size of All Tanks to be installed

_____ gal Single Compartment Septic Tank _____ gal Separate Lift Station

500 gal Compartmented Tank _____ gal Holding Tank

_____ Pit Privy _____ Existing Tank to be used

_____ Existing tank w/new Additional Tank

_____ Existing tank w/new Lift Station

_____ Holding Tank with Privy

Total Number of tanks to be installed in this system 1 (This # will be reported to MPCA at end of year.)

PARCEL	
APP	SEPTIC
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Type of Drainfield Full Size of Drainfield Reduced/Warrantied size

Chamber Trench _____ sq ft _____ sq ft
 Rock Trench _____ sq ft _____ sq ft
 Gravelless _____ sq ft _____ sq ft
 Mound 912 sq ft ***
 Pressure Bed _____ sq ft ***
 Seepage Bed _____ sq ft ***
 At-grade _____ sq ft ***
 Alternative / Performance _____ sq ft *** ***Attach Worksheets

Type of chamber _____
 Depth of Rock _____

Alarm? Yes No _____
 Type of Alarm elec
 Size of Lift Pump 29 gpm @ 15' Head
 Size of Lift Line 2"

PROPOSED SETBACKS

	TANK	DRAINFIELD
Distance to Well	<u>135</u>	<u>140</u>
Distance to Building	<u>15</u>	<u>25</u>
Distance to Property Line	<u>80</u>	<u>10</u>
Distance to OHW of Lake	<u>135</u>	<u>115</u>
Distance to Pressure Line	<u>50'</u>	<u>50'</u>
Distance to Wetland/Protected Water	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Perc Rate 24 Soil Sizing Factor 1.67 *If SSF other than .83, attach Perc Test Data

Soil Borings (three are required)

Depth	Texture	Color	Structure	Depth	Texture	Color	Structure
<u>0-18</u>	<u>10am</u>	<u>10YR2/2</u>	<u>Blocky</u>	<u>0-12</u>	<u>10am</u>	<u>10YR2/2</u>	<u>Blocky</u>
<u>18-21</u>	<u>10am</u>	<u>2.5Y4/4</u>	<u>LL</u>	<u>12-20</u>	<u>10am</u>	<u>2.5Y4/4</u>	<u>LL</u>
<u>21-28</u>	<u>clay 10am</u>	<u>2.5Y5/4</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>20+</u>	<u>10am</u>	<u>2.5Y5/4</u>	<u>mottled</u>
<u>no Hled 21"</u>							

Depth	Texture	Color	Structure	Depth	Texture	Color	Structure
<u>0-16</u>	<u>10am</u>	<u>10YR2/2</u>	<u>Blocky</u>				
<u>16-21</u>	<u>10am</u>	<u>2.5Y4/4</u>	<u>LL</u>				
<u>21+</u>	<u>mottled</u>						

5. REQUIRED DOCUMENTS

U of MN worksheets are required for mounds, pressure beds, seepage beds, at-grades or Type IV or Type V systems. Are the required worksheets attached? Yes _____ No

6. DESIGNER'S CERTIFIED STATEMENT

I, Randy Anderson certify that I have completed the preceding design work in accordance with all applicable requirements (including, but not limited to Minnesota Chapter 7080 and the Becker County Individual Sewage Treatment System Ordinance).

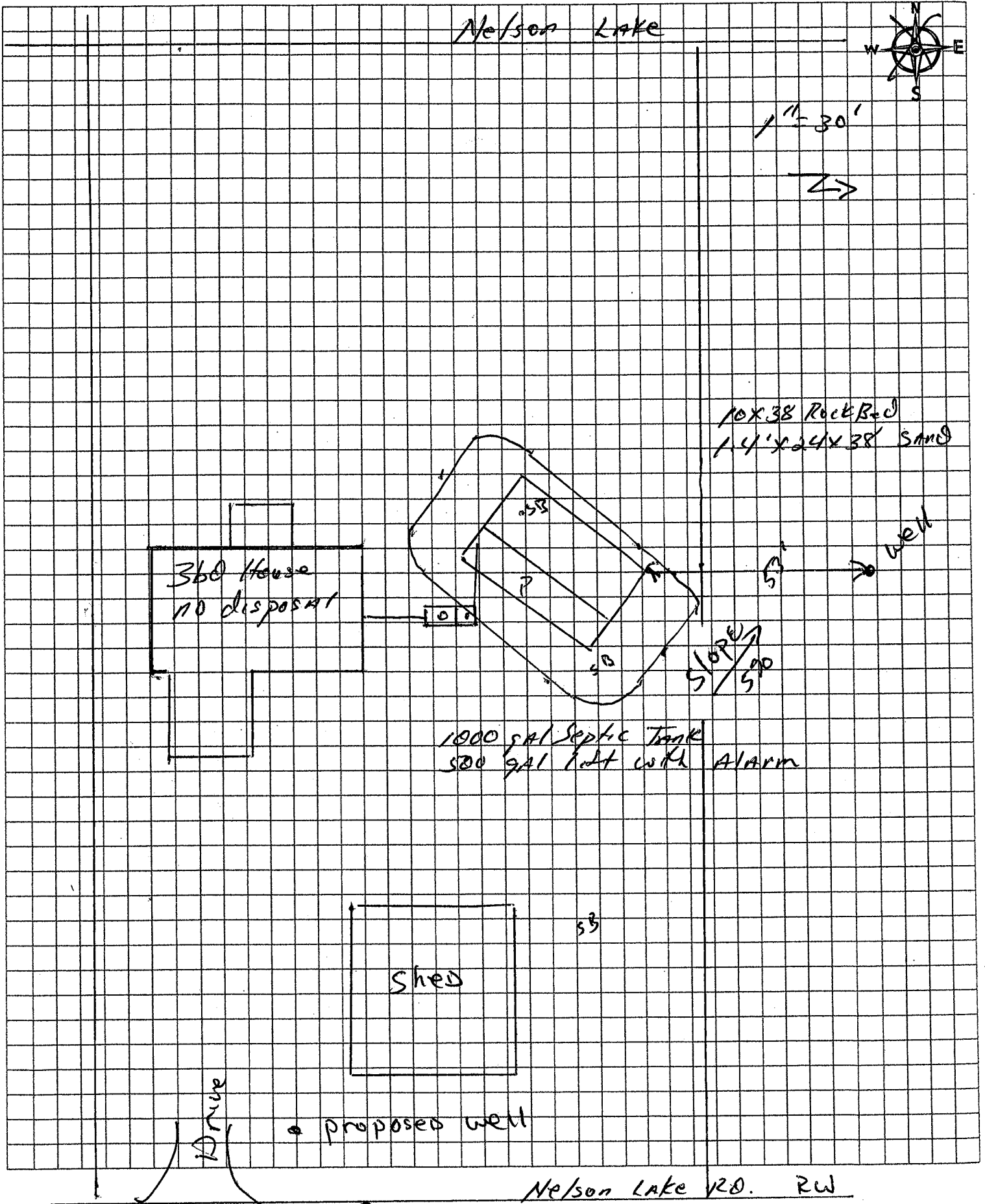
[Signature]
 Signature of Designer

8.15.12
 Date

SKETCH OF PROPERTY

Please sketch all structures and septic systems on the property;
Include setbacks and wells within 100 feet of the property.

PARCEL	
APP	SEPTIC
YEAR	2012





COUNTY OF BECKER

Planning and Zoning

915 Lake Ave, Detroit Lakes, MN 56501
Phone: 218-846-7314 ~ Fax: 218-846-7266

SSTS STATEMENT - # OF BEDROOMS AND WATER-USE APPLIANCES

Note: Form must be legible and completed in ink

Property Owner Name(s): Mark + Vicki Boushee

Address: 14493 Nelson Lake Road City, State, Zip: Lake Park, MN 56554

Phone: 218-779-7359 Alt. Phone: 218-779-7358

Legal Description: _____

Lake/River: _____ Tax Parcel No. _____

Property Address: _____

Definitions:

Bedroom – any room or unfinished area within a dwelling that might reasonably be used as a sleeping room. Lofts and unfinished basements (with at least one egress window and/or door) are counted as bedrooms.

Water-use Appliances – installed or anticipated: e.g. automatic washer, dishwasher, water conditioning unit, whirlpool bath, garbage disposal, or self-cleaning humidifier in furnace.

Note: A dishwasher with a built-in garbage disposal counts as two (2) water-use appliances.

Existing # of bedrooms: 3 + # of bedrooms yet to be constructed: _____ = Total # of bedrooms to be serviced by the SSTS: _____ (min. # bedrooms allowed by State is two)

Existing # of water-use appliances: 3 List each: _____
+ # of water-use appliances yet to be installed: _____ List each: _____
_____ = Total # of water-use appliances to be serviced by the SSTS: _____

I (we) do hereby swear and affirm that the above-stated number of bedrooms and water-use appliances exist and/or will be installed in the residence located on the property listed on this document such that they will be serviced by the subsurface sewage treatment system (SSTS) that will be designed for and connected to said residence and installed on said property.

Vicki A. Boushee
Property Owner(s) Signature(s)

Sept. 11, 2012
Date



OSTP Design Summary Worksheet



Property Owner/Client: **Mark Boushee** Project ID:

Site Address: **14493 Nelson Lake Rd. Lake Park, MN 56554**

1. AVERAGE DESIGN FLOW:

A. Design Flow: **450** Gallons Per Day (GPD) *Note: The estimated design flow is considered a peak flow rate including a safety factor. For long term performance, the average daily flow is recommended to be < 60% of this value.*

B. Septic Tank capacity: **1000** Gallons

C. Number of Septic Tanks or Compartments: **1** Effluent Screen & Alarm? **Optional**

Type of Soil Treatment and Dispersal Area*
 Trenches Bed Mound At-Grade
 Drip Distrib. Holding Tank Other:

Type of Distribution*
 Gravity Distribution Pressure Distribution-Level Pressure Distribution-Unlevel

* Selection Required Benchmark Elev = **100** ft

Benchmark Location:

Type of Distribution Media:

D. Pump Tank 1 Capacity: Gallons Pump Tank 2 Capacity: Gallons

System Type

Type I Type II Type III Type IV Type V

2. SITE EVALUATION:

A. Depth to Limiting Layer: **20** inches **1.7** ft Elevation & Location of Limiting Layer: ft

B. Measured Percent Land Slope: **5.0** % **0.0** Location: **drainfield area**

C. Soil Texture: **loam** Perc Rate: MPI

D. Soil Hydraulic Loading Rate: **0.60** GPD/ft² E. Contour Loading Rate **12.0** Gal/ft

3. DESIGN SUMMARY

Trench Design Summary

Dispersal Area ft² Sidewall Depth in Trench Width in

Total Lineal Feet ft Number of Trenches Maximum Trench Depth in

Designer's Max Trench Depth in

Bed Design Summary

Absorption Area ft² Media Below Pipe in Bed Length ft

Bed Width ft Maximum Bed Depth in Designer's Max Bed Depth in

Mound Design Summary

Absorption Area **375** ft² Bed Length **38** ft Bed Width **10.0** ft

Absorption Width **24.0** ft Clean Sand Lift **1.4** ft Berm Width (slope 0-1%) ft

Upslope Berm Width **11.3** ft Downslope Berm Width **19.5** ft Endslope Berm Width **15.6** ft

Total System Length **69** ft Total System Width **41** ft

At-Grade Design Summary

Absorption Bed Width ft Absorption Bed Length ft System Height ft

Absorption Bed Area ft² Upslope Berm Width ft Downslope Berm Width ft

Endslope Berm Width ft System Length ft System Width ft



OSTP Mound Design Worksheet

>1% Slope

Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA



1. SYSTEM SIZING:

Project ID:

v 11.09.22

- A. Design Flow (Flow & Soil - 1.A) : GPD
- B. Soil Loading Rate (Flow & Soil-3.C): GPD/ft²
- C. Depth to Limiting Condition: ft
- D. Percent Land Slope: %
- E. Design Media Loading Rate: GPD/ft²
- F. Mound Absorption Ratio (Table IXa):
- G. Design Contour Loading Rate: GPD/ft

TABLE IXa				
LOADING RATES FOR DETERMINING BOTTOM ABSORPTION AREA AND ABSORPTION RATIOS USING PERCOLATION TESTS				
Percolation Rate (MPI)	Treatment Level C		Treatment Level A, A-2, B	
	Absorption Area Loading Rate (gpd/ft ²)	Mound Absorption Ratio	Absorption Area Loading Rate (gpd/ft ²)	Mound Absorption Ratio
<0.1	-	1	-	1
0.1 to 5	1.2	1	1.6	1
0.1 to 5 (fine sand and loamy fine sand)	0.6	2	1	1.6
6 to 15	0.78	1.5	1	1.6
16 to 30	0.6	2	0.78	2
31 to 45	0.5	2.4	0.78	2
46 to 60	0.46	2.6	0.6	2.6
61 to 120	-	5	0.3	5.3
>120	-	-	-	-

Measured Perc Rate	← OR →	Texture - derived mound absorption ratio	Contour Loading Rate:
≤ 60mpi		1.0, 1.3, 2.0, 2.4, 2.6	≤ 12
61-120 mpi		5.0	≤ 12
≥ 120 mpi*		>5.0*	≤ 6'

*Systems with these values are not Type I systems. Contour Loading Rate (linear loading rate) is a recommended value.

2. DISPERSAL MEDIA SIZING

A. Calculate Required Dispersal Bed Area: Design Flow (1.A) ÷ Design Media Loading Rate (1.E) = ft²

If a larger dispersal media area is desired, enter size: GPD ÷ GPD/ft² = ft²
 ft²

B. Calculate Dispersal Bed Width: Contour Loading Rate (1.G) ÷ Design Media Loading Rate (1.E) = Bed Width

ft ÷ gpd/ft² = ft

C. Calculate Dispersal Bed Length: Dispersal Bed Area (2.A) ÷ Bed Width (2.B) = Bed Length

ft² ÷ ft = ft

D. Select Dispersal Media :

E. If using a registered product, enter the Component Length :

in ÷ 12 = ft

F. If using a registered product, enter the Component Width :

in ÷ 12 = ft

G. Number of Components per Row = Bed Length (2.C) divided by Component Length (4.J) (Round up)

ft ÷ ft = components/row

H. Number of Rows = Bed Width (2.B) divided by Component Width (4.K) (Round up)

Adjust Contour Loading Rate on Design Summary page until this number is a whole number

ft ÷ ft = rows

I. Total Number of Components = Number of Components per Row X Number of Rows

X = components

Note: CLR of 10.3 gal/ft results in 9 foot wide bed.

3. ABSORPTION AREA SIZING

Note: Mound setbacks are measured from the Absorption Area.

A. Calculate Absorption Width: Bed Width (2.B) X Mound Absorption Ratio (1.F) = Absorption Width

$$\boxed{10.0} \text{ ft} \times \boxed{2.4} = \boxed{24.0} \text{ ft}$$

B. For slopes >1%, the Absorption Width is measured downhill from the upslope edge of the Bed.

Calculate Downslope Absorption Width: Absorption Width (3.A) - Bed Width (2.B) = ft

$$\boxed{24.0} \text{ ft} - \boxed{10.0} \text{ ft} = \boxed{14.0} \text{ ft}$$

4. MOUND SIZING

A. Calculate Clean Sand Lift: 3 feet minus Depth to Limiting Condition (1.C) = Clean Sand Lift (1 ft minimum)

$$3.0 \text{ ft} - \boxed{1.7} \text{ ft} = \boxed{1.3} \text{ ft} \quad \text{Design Sand Lift (optional): } \boxed{1.4} \text{ 1.4}$$

B. Calculate Upslope Height: Clean Sand Lift (4.A) + media depth (1 ft.) + cover (1 ft.) = Upslope Height

$$\boxed{1.4} \text{ ft} + \boxed{1.0} \text{ ft} + \boxed{1.0} \text{ ft} = \boxed{3.4} \text{ ft}$$

D-34: Slope Multiplier Table

Land Slope %	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
Upslope	3:1	3.00	2.91	2.83	2.75	2.68	2.61	2.54	2.48	2.42	2.36	2.31	2.26	2.21	2.17	2.13	2.09	2.06	2.03	2.00	1.97	1.95	1.93	1.91	1.89	1.87	1.85
Berm Ratio	4:1	4.00	3.85	3.70	3.57	3.45	3.33	3.23	3.12	3.03	2.94	2.86	2.78	2.70	2.62	2.55	2.48	2.41	2.35	2.29	2.23	2.18	2.13	2.08	2.03	1.98	1.93

Land Slope %	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
Downslope	3:1	3.00	3.09	3.19	3.30	3.41	3.53	3.66	3.80	3.95	4.11	4.29	4.48	4.69	4.95	5.24	5.55	5.88	6.24	6.63	7.04	7.47	7.93	8.42	8.93	9.46	10.02
Berm Ratio	4:1	4.00	4.17	4.35	4.54	4.76	5.00	5.26	5.56	5.88	6.25	6.67	7.14	7.69	8.29	8.92	9.57	10.24	10.94	11.67	12.42	13.19	13.99	14.82	15.67	16.54	17.44

C. Select Upslope Berm Multiplier (based on land slope):

$$\boxed{3.33} \text{ (figure D-34)}$$

D. Calculate Upslope Berm Width: Multiplier (4.C) X Upslope Mound Height (4.B) = Upslope Berm Width

$$\boxed{3.33} \text{ ft} \times \boxed{3.4} \text{ ft} = \boxed{11.3} \text{ ft}$$

E. Calculate Drop in Elevation Under Bed: Bed Width (2.B) X Land Slope (1.D) ÷ 100 = Drop (ft)

$$\boxed{10.0} \text{ ft} \times \boxed{5.0} \% \div 100 = \boxed{0.50} \text{ ft}$$

F. Calculate Downslope Mound Height: Upslope Height (4.B) + Drop in Elevation (4.E) = Downslope Height

$$\boxed{3.4} \text{ ft} + \boxed{0.50} \text{ ft} = \boxed{3.9} \text{ ft}$$

G. Select Downslope Berm Multiplier (based on land slope):

$$\boxed{5.00} \text{ (figure D-34)}$$

H. Calculate Downslope Berm Width: Multiplier (4.G) X Downslope Height (4.F) = Downslope Berm Width

$$\boxed{5.00} \times \boxed{3.9} \text{ ft} = \boxed{19.5} \text{ ft}$$

I. Calculate Minimum Berm to Cover Absorption Area: Downslope Absorption Width (3.B or 3.C) + 4 ft. = ft

$$\boxed{14.0} \text{ ft} + \boxed{4} \text{ ft} = \boxed{18.0} \text{ ft}$$

J. Design Downslope Berm = greater of 4H and 4I: $\boxed{19.5}$ ft

K. Select Endslope Berm Multiplier: $\boxed{4.00}$ (usually 3.0 or 4.0)

L. Calculate Endslope Berm (4.K) X Downslope Mound Height (4.F) = Endslope Berm Width

$$\boxed{4.00} \text{ ft} \times \boxed{3.9} \text{ ft} = \boxed{15.6} \text{ ft}$$

M. Calculate Mound Width: Upslope Berm Width (4.D) + Bed Width (2.B) + Downslope Berm Width (4.J) = ft

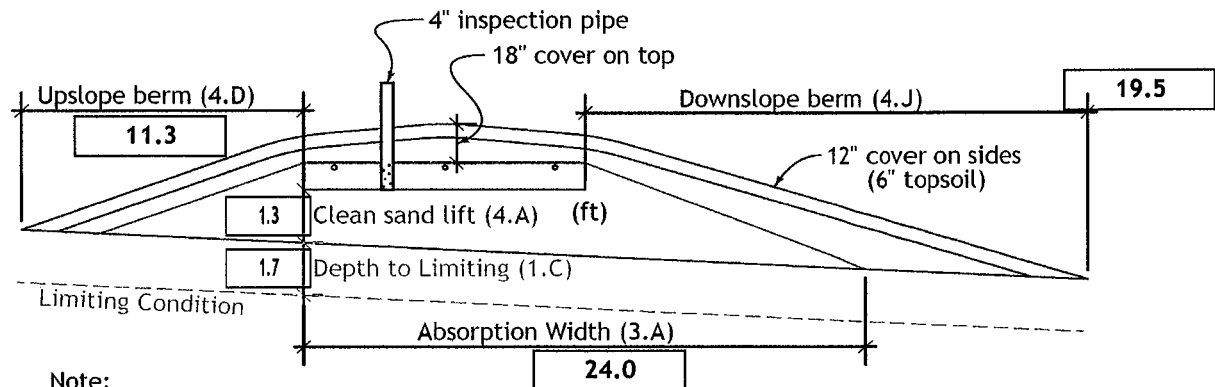
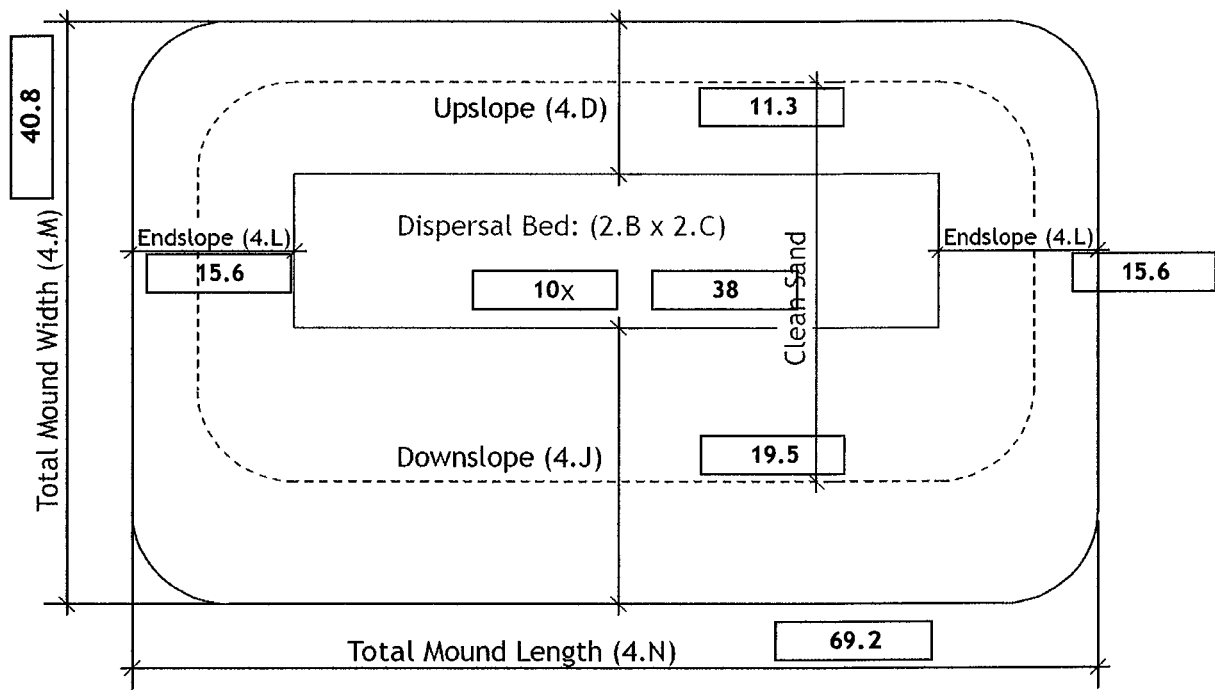
$$\boxed{11.3} \text{ ft} + \boxed{10.0} \text{ ft} + \boxed{19.5} \text{ ft} = \boxed{40.8} \text{ ft}$$

N. Calculate Mound Length: Endslope Berm Width (4.L) + Bed Length (2.C) + Endslope Berm Width (4.L) = ft

$$\boxed{15.6} \text{ ft} + \boxed{38.0} \text{ ft} + \boxed{15.6} \text{ ft} = \boxed{69.2} \text{ ft}$$

Comments:

5. MOUND DIMENSIONS



Note:

For 0 to 1% slopes, *Absorption Width* is measured from the *Bed* equally in both directions.
For slopes >1%, *Absorption Width* is measured downhill from the upslope edge of the *Bed*.



OSTP Mound Materials Worksheet



Project ID:

v 11.09.22

A. Calculate Bed (rock) Volume : Bed Length (2.C) X Bed Width (2.B) X Depth = Volume (ft³)

$$\boxed{38.0} \text{ ft} \times \boxed{10.0} \text{ ft} \times 1.0 = \boxed{380.0} \text{ ft}^3$$

Divide ft³ by 27 ft³/yd³ to calculate cubic yards:

$$\boxed{380.0} \text{ ft}^3 \div 27 = \boxed{14.1} \text{ yd}^3$$

Add 20% for constructability:

$$\boxed{14.1} \text{ yd}^3 \times 1.2 = \boxed{16.9} \text{ yd}^3$$

B. Calculate Clean Sand Volume:

Volume Under Rock bed : Average Sand Depth x Media Width x Media Length = cubic feet

$$\boxed{1.7} \text{ ft} \times \boxed{10.0} \text{ ft} \times \boxed{38.0} \text{ ft} = \boxed{627.0} \text{ ft}^3$$

For a Mound on a slope from 0-1%

Volume from Length = ((Upslope Mound Height - 1) X Absorption Width Beyond Bed X Media Bed Length)

$$\boxed{} \text{ ft} - 1) \times \boxed{} \times \boxed{} \text{ ft} = \boxed{}$$

Volume from Width = ((Upslope Mound Height - 1) X Absorption Width Beyond Bed X Media Bed Width)

$$\boxed{} \text{ ft} - 1) \times \boxed{} \times \boxed{} \text{ ft} = \boxed{}$$

Total Clean Sand Volume : Volume from Length + Volume from Width + Volume Under Media

$$\boxed{} \text{ ft}^3 + \boxed{} \text{ ft}^3 + \boxed{} \text{ ft}^3 = \boxed{} \text{ ft}^3$$

For a Mound on a slope greater than 1%

Upslope Volume : (((Upslope Mound Height - 1) x 3 x Bed Length) + 2 = cubic feet

$$((\boxed{3.4} \text{ ft} - 1) \times 3.0 \text{ ft} \times \boxed{38.0}) + 2 = \boxed{136.8} \text{ ft}^3$$

Downslope Volume : ((Downslope Height - 1) x Downslope Absorption Width x Media Length) + 2 = cubic feet

$$((\boxed{3.9} \text{ ft} - 1) \times \boxed{14.0} \text{ ft} \times \boxed{38.0}) + 2 = \boxed{771.4} \text{ ft}^3$$

Endslope Volume : (Downslope Mound Height - 1) x 3 x Media Width = cubic feet

$$(\boxed{3.9} \text{ ft} - 1) \times 3.0 \text{ ft} \times \boxed{10.0} \text{ ft} = \boxed{87.0} \text{ ft}^3$$

Total Clean Sand Volume : Upslope Volume + Downslope Volume + Endslope Volume + Volume Under Media

$$\boxed{136.8} \text{ ft}^3 + \boxed{771.4} \text{ ft}^3 + \boxed{87.0} \text{ ft}^3 + \boxed{627.0} \text{ ft}^3 = \boxed{1622.2} \text{ ft}^3$$

Divide ft³ by 27 ft³/yd³ to calculate cubic yards:

$$\boxed{1622.2} \text{ ft}^3 \div 27 = \boxed{60.1} \text{ yd}^3$$

Add 20% for constructability:

$$\boxed{60.1} \text{ yd}^3 \times 1.2 = \boxed{72.1} \text{ yd}^3$$

C. Calculate Sandy Berm Volume:

Total Berm Volume (approx) : ((Avg. Mound Height - 0.5 ft topsoil) x Mound Width x Mound Length) + 2 = cubic feet

$$((\boxed{3.7} - 0.5) \text{ ft}) \times \boxed{40.8} \text{ ft} \times \boxed{69.2} \text{ ft} + 2 = \boxed{4449.2} \text{ ft}^3$$

Total Mound Volume - Clean Sand volume - Rock Volume = cubic feet

$$\boxed{4449.2} \text{ ft}^3 - \boxed{1622.2} \text{ ft}^3 - \boxed{380.0} \text{ ft}^3 = \boxed{2447.0} \text{ ft}^3$$

Divide ft³ by 27 ft³/yd³ to calculate cubic yards:

$$\boxed{2447.0} \text{ ft}^3 \div 27 = \boxed{90.6} \text{ yd}^3$$

Add 20% for constructability:

$$\boxed{90.6} \text{ yd}^3 \times 1.2 = \boxed{108.8} \text{ yd}^3$$

D. Calculate Topsoil Material Volume: Total Mound Width X Total Mound Length X .5 ft

$$\boxed{40.8} \text{ ft} \times \boxed{69.2} \text{ ft} \times 0.5 \text{ ft} = \boxed{1412.4} \text{ ft}^3$$

Divide ft³ by 27 ft³/yd³ to calculate cubic yards:

$$\boxed{1412.4} \text{ ft}^3 \div 27 = \boxed{52.3} \text{ yd}^3$$

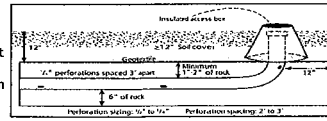
Add 20% for constructability:

$$\boxed{52.3} \text{ yd}^3 \times 1.2 = \boxed{62.8} \text{ yd}^3$$

Project ID:

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- Select Number of Perforated Laterals in system/zone:
(2 feet is minimum and 3 feet is maximum spacing)
- Select Perforation Spacing: ft
- Select Perforation Diameter Size: in



- Length of Laterals = Media Bed Length - 2 Feet.
 - 2ft = ft Perforation can not be closer than 1 foot from edge.
 - Determine the Number of Perforation Spaces. Divide the Length of Laterals (Line 4) by the Perforation Spacing (Line 2) and round down to the nearest whole number.
Number of Perforation Spaces = ft ÷ ft = Spaces
 - Number of Perforations per Lateral is equal to 1.0 plus the Number of Perforation Spaces (Line 5).
Perforations Per Lateral = Spaces + 1 = Perfs. Per Lateral
- Check table below to verify the number of perforations per lateral guarantees less than a 10% discharge variation. The value is double if the a center manifold is used.

Maximum Number of Perforations Per Lateral to Guarantee <10% Discharge Variation											
1/4 Inch Perforations					7/32 Inch Perforations						
Perforation Spacing (Feet)	Pipe Diameter (Inches)					Perforation Spacing (Feet)	Pipe Diameter (Inches)				
	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	3		1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	3
2	10	13	18	30	60	2	11	16	21	34	68
2 1/2	8	12	16	28	54	2 1/2	10	14	20	32	64
3	8	12	16	25	52	3	9	14	19	30	60
3/16 Inch Perforations					1/8 Inch Perforations						
Perforation Spacing (Feet)	Pipe Diameter (Inches)					Perforation Spacing (Feet)	Pipe Diameter (Inches)				
	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	3		1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	3
2	12	18	26	46	87	2	21	33	44	74	149
2 1/2	12	17	24	40	80	2 1/2	20	30	41	69	135
3	12	16	22	37	75	3	20	29	38	64	128

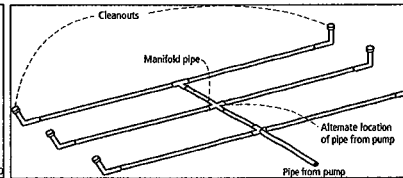
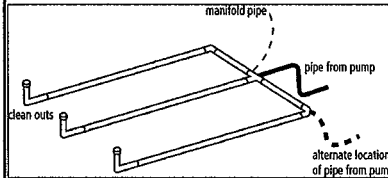
- Total Number of Perforations equals the Number of Perforations per Lateral (Line 6) multiplied by the Number of Perforated Laterals (Line 1).
 Perf. Per Lateral X Number of Perf. Laterals = Total Number of Perf.
- Calculate the Square Feet per Perforation. Recommended value is 4-10 ft² per perforation. Does not apply to At-Grades
Bed Area = Bed Width (ft) X Bed Length (ft)
 ft X ft = ft²
Square Foot per Perforation = Bed Area divided by the Total Number of Perforations (Line 7).
 ft² ÷ perforations = ft²/perforations
- Select Minimum Average Head: ft
- Select Perforation Discharge (GPM) based on Table III: GPM per Perforation
- Determine required Flow Rate by multiplying the Total Number of Perforations (Line 7) by the Perforation Discharge (Line 10).
 Perforations X GPM per Perforation = GPM

Head (ft)	Perforation Discharge (GPM)			
	1/4	3/16	7/32	1/2
1.0*	0.18	0.41	0.56	0.74
1.5	0.23	0.51	0.69	0.9
2.0*	0.26	0.58	0.80	1.04
2.5	0.29	0.65	0.89	1.17
3.0	0.32	0.73	0.99	1.29
4.0	0.37	0.85	1.13	1.47
5.0*	0.41	0.93	1.25	1.65

1 foot: Dwellings with 3/16 inch to 1/4 inch perforations
2 feet: Other establishments and HGTS with 3/16 inch to 1/4 inch perforations
3 feet: Other establishments and HGTS with 1/8 inch perforations

- Select Type of Manifold Connection (End or Center): End Center
- Select Lateral Diameter: in
- Volume of Liquid Per Foot of Distribution Piping: Gallons/ft
- Volume of Distribution Piping =
= [Number of Perforated Laterals (Line 1) X Length of Laterals (Line 4) X (Volume of Liquid Per Foot of Distribution Piping (Line 14))]
 X ft X gal/ft = Gallons
- Minimum Dose = Volume of Distribution Piping (Line 15) X 4
 gals X 4 = Gallons

Pipe Diameter (inches)	Liquid Per Foot (Gallons)
1	0.045
1.25	0.078
1.5	0.110
2	0.170
3	0.380
4	0.661



Comments/Special Design Considerations:



OSTP Basic Pump Selection Design Worksheet



1. PUMP CAPACITY Project ID: _____ v 11.09.22

Pumping to Gravity or Pressure Distribution:

Gravity Pressure

Selection required **2**

1. If pumping to gravity enter the gallon per minute of the pump:

GPM (10 - 45 gpm)

2. If pumping to a pressurized distribution system:

GPM

(Line 11 of Pressure Distribution)

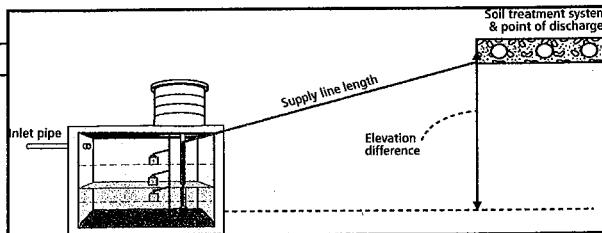
2. HEAD REQUIREMENTS

A. Elevation Difference ft

between pump and point of discharge:

B. Distribution Head Loss: ft

C. Additional Head Loss: ft (due to special equipment, etc.)



Distribution Head Loss	
Gravity Distribution = 0ft	
Pressure Distribution based on Minimum Average Head Value on Pressure Distribution Worksheet:	
Minimum Average Head	Distribution Head Loss
1ft	5ft
2ft	6ft
5ft	10ft

Table I. Friction Loss in Plastic Pipe per 100ft

Flow Rate (GPM)	Pipe Diameter (inches)			
	1	1.25	1.5	2
10	9.1	3.1	1.3	0.3
12	12.8	4.3	1.8	0.4
14	17.0	5.7	2.4	0.6
16	21.8	7.3	3.0	0.7
18		9.1	3.8	0.9
20		11.1	4.6	1.1
25		16.8	6.9	1.7
30		23.5	9.7	2.4
35			12.9	3.2
40			16.5	4.1
45			20.5	5.0
50				6.1
55				7.3
60				8.6
65				10.0
70				11.4
75				13.0
85				16.4
95				20.1

D. 1. Supply Pipe Diameter: in

2. Supply Pipe Length: ft

E. Friction Loss in Plastic Pipe per 100ft from Table I:

Friction Loss = ft per 100ft of pipe

F. Determine *Equivalent Pipe Length* from pump discharge to soil dispersal area discharge point. Estimate by adding 25% to supply pipe length for fitting loss. *Supply Pipe Length (D.2) X 1.25 = Equivalent Pipe Length*

ft X 1.25 = ft

G. Calculate *Supply Friction Loss* by multiplying *Friction Loss Per 100ft* (Line E) by the *Equivalent Pipe Length* (Line F) and divide by 100.

Supply Friction Loss =

ft per 100ft X ft ÷ 100 = ft

H. *Total Head* requirement is the sum of the *Elevation Difference* (Line A), the *Distribution Head Loss* (Line B), *Additional Head Loss* (Line C), and the *Supply Friction Loss* (Line G)

ft + ft + ft + ft = ft

3. PUMP SELECTION

A pump must be selected to deliver at least **29** GPM (Line 1 or Line 2) with at least **15** feet of total head.

Comments:

PERCOLATION TEST SHEET

Test hole location proposed drain field Hole # _____ Date test hole was prepared: _____

Depth of hole bottom: _____ inches Diameter of hole: _____ inches

Soil Data from test hole:

depth, inches	soil texture:	soil color
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Method of scratching sidewall: _____ Depth of pea size gravel in bottom of hole: _____ inches

Date and hour of initial water filling: _____ Depth of initial water filling: _____ above hole bottom

Method used to maintain 12" of water depth in hole for 4 hours: _____

Percolation test conducted by: Randy Anderson Percolation test started at _____ (am / pm).

Maximum water depth above hole bottom during test: _____ inches

TIME	INTERVAL (MINUTES)	WATER DEPTH	WATER DROP (fraction)	WATER DROP (decimal)	PERC RATE CALCULATION
---	START <u>20</u>	<u>8</u> <u>7 1/8</u>	<u>7/8</u>	<u>.83</u> .80	$\frac{20}{\text{TIME}} \div \frac{.83}{\text{DROP (Decimal)}} = \frac{24}{\text{PERC}} \text{ A}$
---	REFILL <u>20</u>	<u>8</u> <u>7 3/16</u>	<u>13/16</u>	<u>.81</u>	$\frac{20}{\text{TIME}} \div \frac{.81}{\text{DROP (Decimal)}} = \frac{24.6}{\text{PERC}} \text{ B}$
---	REFILL <u>20</u>	<u>8</u> <u>7 1/8</u>	<u>7/8</u>	<u>.83</u>	$\frac{20}{\text{TIME}} \div \frac{.83}{\text{DROP (Decimal)}} = \frac{24}{\text{PERC}} \text{ C}$
---	REFILL	-----	-----	-----	$\frac{\text{---}}{\text{TIME}} \div \frac{\text{---}}{\text{DROP (Decimal)}} = \frac{\text{---}}{\text{PERC}} \text{ D}$
---	REFILL	-----	-----	-----	$\frac{\text{---}}{\text{TIME}} \div \frac{\text{---}}{\text{DROP (Decimal)}} = \frac{\text{---}}{\text{PERC}} \text{ E}$
---	REFILL	-----	-----	-----	$\frac{\text{---}}{\text{TIME}} \div \frac{\text{---}}{\text{DROP (Decimal)}} = \frac{\text{---}}{\text{PERC}} \text{ F}$
---	REFILL	-----	-----	-----	$\frac{\text{---}}{\text{TIME}} \div \frac{\text{---}}{\text{DROP (Decimal)}} = \frac{\text{---}}{\text{PERC}} \text{ G}$
---	REFILL	-----	-----	-----	$\frac{\text{---}}{\text{TIME}} \div \frac{\text{---}}{\text{DROP (Decimal)}} = \frac{\text{---}}{\text{PERC}} \text{ H}$

conversions

- 1/16 = .06
- 1/8 = .13
- 3/16 = .19
- 1/4 = .25
- 5/16 = .31
- 3/8 = .38
- 7/16 = .44
- 1/2 = .5
- 9/16 = .56
- 5/8 = .63
- 11/16 = .69
- 3/4 = .75
- 13/16 = .81
- 7/8 = .88
- 15/16 = .94

Ten Percent Calculation *

A,B,C

Largest # of ABC _____ Smallest # of ABC _____

Smallest # of ABC × 0.10 = _____

C,D,E

Largest # of CDE _____ Smallest # of CDE _____

Smallest # of CDE × 0.10 = _____

E,F,G

Largest # of EFG _____ Smallest # of EFG _____

Smallest # of EFG × 0.10 = _____

B,C,D

Largest # of BCD _____ Smallest # of BCD _____

Smallest # of BCD × 0.10 = _____

D,E,F

Largest # of DEF _____ Smallest # of DEF _____

Smallest # of DEF × 0.10 = _____

F,G,H

Largest # of FGH _____ Smallest # of FGH _____

Smallest # of FGH × 0.10 = _____

* If the top number in each set of boxes is larger than the bottom number, take another reading. If the top number is equal to or smaller than bottom number, average the 3 numbers for the perc rate.

Application Approved by: Heba Motte Date: 9-6-12
Amount Paid 150.00 Receipt Number 1019146 Permit Number _____
NOTES: 513638

INSPECTION REPORT

Home Information

Does the structure contain any of the following elements?
Garbage disposer Yes No Dishwasher Yes No
Grinder pump Yes No Lift pump in basement Yes No
Effluent screen installed? Yes No Effluent screen manufacturer _____
Alarm required? Yes No Alarm Type SMC Alarm manufacturer _____
Lift pump in system? Yes No Pump manufacturer _____
Number of bedrooms _____

Component Information

Tank size 1500 w/c Tank manufacturer Fergus Falls - Agg. Ind.
Drainfield size 380 sqft. Medium manufacturer 10' x 38' mound
Drainfield medium _____
Drainfield medium size/depth _____

Soil Verification

Vertical separation verified for Boring #1 on _____ Depth +36"
Vertical separation verified for Boring #2 on _____ Depth _____
Vertical separation verified for Boring #3 on _____ Depth _____

Setback Verification

	TANK	DRAINFIELD
Distance to Well	<u>+50</u>	<u>+50</u>
Distance to Building	<u>+10</u>	<u>+20</u>
Distance to Property Line	<u>+10</u>	<u>+10</u>
Distance to OHW of Lake	<u>+75</u>	<u>+75</u>
Distance to Pressure Line	<u>50'</u>	<u>+50'</u>
Distance to Wetland/Protected Water	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>

Date System Installed 9/11/12 Installer Boit Etc Inspector Laird Stott

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

() Certificate Is Hereby Denied
(X) Certificate is Hereby Granted Based upon the Application, addendum from, plans, specifications and all other supporting data.
With property maintenance, this system can be expected to function satisfactory, however, this is not a guarantee.

Signature Laird Stott Title ITS Inspector Date 9/11/12
(Certificate of Compliance is not valid unless signed by a Registered Qualified Employee)